

TED LONGO, STEVE LONGO & CHRIS COLLINS SENIOR WEALTH MANAGEMENT ADVISORS

2054 GAUSE BLVD. E. | SLIDELL LA 70461 985-445-1042 | 833-475-6646 (TOII-Free) INFO@LONGOGROUP.NET | WWW.LONGOGROUP.NET

THE ECONOMY AT A GLANCE

ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS

June 21, 2021 Vol. 88, No. 88

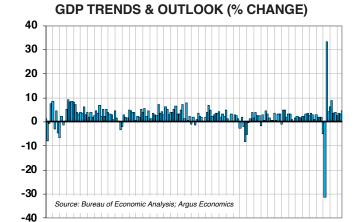
112

'16

'20

SECOND-QUARTER GDP FORECAST NOW 8.9%

The primary driver of GDP over the next few quarters is likely to be the country's physical health, as the nation recovers from COVID-19. Elsewhere, employment is in better shape than it was a year ago (though still far from strong) and consumer confidence is improving. We expect rising confidence will lead to growth in consumer spending. Auto sales have recovered and the housing market remains strong, even as interest rates tick higher. Businesses are expanding again. Our GDP model now calls for a 2.1% increase in absolute GDP in 2Q21 from 1Q21. That translates into an annualized gain of 8.9%. We expect further improvement into 2H21. On an annual basis, we look for overall GDP growth of approximately 5.7% in 2021 and 3.7% in 2022.



MANUFACTURING IMPROVING IN U.S., UK, EUROPE

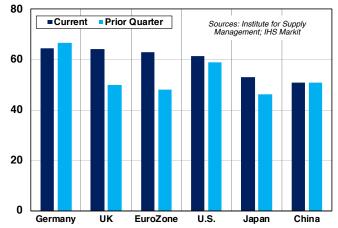
The outlook from purchasing managers is improving, benefitting from the positive news about COVID-19 vaccine development, approval, and distribution. The UK is leading the recovery, as its PMI has risen to 64.2 from sub-50 last quarter. The Eurozone is also surging. The non-German economies in Europe recorded a 63.1 PMI in May -- a sharp gain from 48.1 in the prior quarter. Nations that are less reliant on consumer services and have greater exposure to industrial activity, such as Germany and the U.S., have reported more consistent (and solid) PMI readings. China has pulled back a bit, due to a slowing in exports as the dollar has declined. Still, manufacturing trends in China are positive. Japan has finally moved into expansion phase, with a reading of 53.

PMI SURVEY RESULTS

'በበ

'04

'92



info@longogroup.net | www.longogroup.net

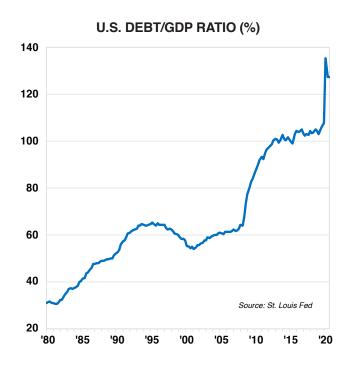
'80

Registered Representative of Sanctuary Securities Inc. and Investment Advisor Representative of Sanctuary Advisors, LLC. Securities offered through Sanctuary Securities, Inc. Member FINRA, SIPC. Advisory services offered through Sanctuary Advisors, LLC., a SEC Registered Investment Advisor. The Longo Group is a DBA of Sanctuary Securities, Inc. and Sanctuary Advisors, LLC.

ECONOMIC HIGHLIGHTS (CONTINUED)

DEBT AND GDP

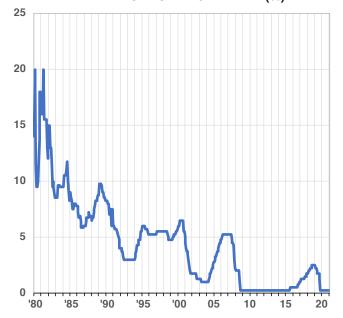
U.S. debt levels have grown quietly and quickly over the past 10 years. Total U.S. debt is now more than 125% of GDP, according to the Office of Management & the Budget. That is the highest level since World War II. In the 1980s, the debt/GDP ratio was in the 40% range, and moved up toward the 60% level by 2000. The debt level soared around 2010, as the government spent aggressively to stop the recession and rekindle growth. According to Keynes, that's what the government is supposed to do. However, despite more than 10 years of economic growth prior to the pandemic, the debt level grew as a percentage of GDP. Now, in light of fiscal spending to fight the impact of COVID-19, debt levels have surged further. This is not a problem that has to be fixed today. After all, interest rates are low on an historical basis and policies to change the trajectory (less spending, more taxes) could push the economy into decline. But politicians should start to establish a plan to address the issue in the next 10-15 years. If the problem is not solved, it could result in hyperinflation or an inability for the government to address long-term problems, such as climate change.



FED STARTS LOOKING AT HIGHER RATES

At its latest Open Market Committee meeting, the Federal Reserve decided to maintain the federal funds rate at 0.00%-0.25%. The action (or non-action) had been expected, given the current level of unemployment. But traders have been worried about rising inflation rates as the U.S. economy reopens. The vote to keep rates steady was unanimous -- for now. In an attempt to keep long-term rates under control, the Fed also is maintaining its \$120 billion/month asset-purchasing program. Looking ahead, though, a majority of the bankers forecast the first change in the federal funds rate in 2023, with perhaps even two hikes that year. We note that inflation forecasts from the Fed have increased to a rate of 3.4% for 2021, compared to the March projection of 2.4%. Still, this bout of inflation is expected to be temporary and pricing pressures are forecast by the Fed to fall back to 2.1% next year. We expect to see inflation calm over the next year, leading to one rate hike by the Fed in 2023. We also look for the Fed to start tapering it asset-purchasing program slowly in the spring of 2022.

FEDERAL FUNDS TARGET RATE (%)

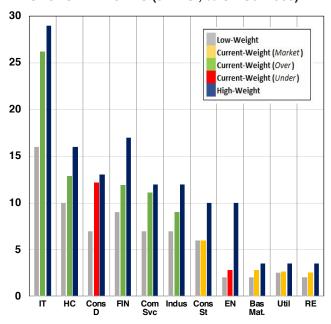


FINANCIAL MARKET HIGHLIGHTS

ARGUS ADJUSTS SECTOR RATINGS

We have adjusted our recommended sector allocations this month. The following reflects our guidance for the calendar third guarter of 2021. We have raised the Consumer Staples and Utilities sectors to Market-Weight from Under-Weight. We have also lowered the Consumer Discretionary and Energy sectors to Under-Weight from recommended Market-Weight. The rebalancing process takes place four times a year, early in the months of March, June, September, and December. Our current Over-Weight sectors are Technology, Healthcare, Financial Services, Industrial, and Communication Services. Our current Market-Weight sectors are Consumer Staples, Utilities, Real Estate, and Basic Materials. Our Under-Weight sectors are Energy and Consumer Discretionary. Argus suggests that advisors and investors leverage this consistent and comprehensive process to tweak weightings within their balanced equity portfolios.

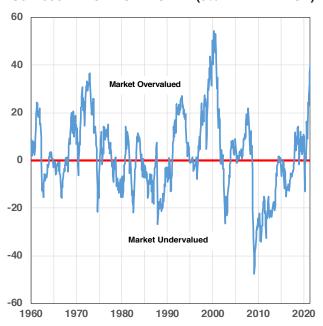
SECTOR WEIGHTS (5-YRS., % OF S&P 500)



STOCKS PUSHING VALUE LIMITS

Stock prices, as expressed by the S&P 500, are near all-time highs and (on depressed earnings) are well above fair value, which our model pegs at around 3700 due to pandemic-weakened EPS in 2020. Our valuation model takes into account factors such as stock prices, five-year normalized earnings (three historical years, two forward-looking), GDP, inflation, and T-bond and T-bill yields. We note that stocks rarely trade right at fair value. Since 1960, on average, the index has traded at a tight 2% above fair value, but the standard deviation to the mean is 16%. As such, we normally expect the S&P 500 to trade between 14% undervalued and 18% overvalued. At current prices, the stock market is almost 30% above fair value, implying that investors are quite optimistic about equities. Though we are still bullish on the economy and earnings, we'd feel better about the longer-term outlook for stocks if valuations were not so stretched. Several factors could improve valuations: a pullback in stock prices, perhaps related to fears of inflation; lower bond yields; or better earnings (which we do expect in upcoming quarters).

S&P 500 VALUATION MODEL (0% = FAIR VALUE)



ECONOMIC CALENDAR

Previous Week's Releases

			Previous	Argus	Street	
Date	Release	Month	Report	Estimate	Estimate	Actual
22-Jun	Existing Home Sales	May	5.85 Mil.	5.80 Mil.	5.73 Mil.	NA
23-Jun	New Home Sales	May	863 K	890 K	882 K	NA
24-Jun	Real GDP	1Q	6.4%	6.4%	6.4%	NA
	GDP Price Index	1Q	2.0%	3.5%	4.1%	NA
25-Jun	Personal Income	May	-13.1%	-2.5%	-3.0%	NA
	Personal Spending	May	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	NA

Next Week's Releases

Date	Release	Month	Previous Report	Argus Estimate	Street Estimate	Actual
6-Jul	ISM Non-Manufacturing	June	64.0	NA	NA	NA
9-Jul	Wholesale Inventories	May	0.8%	NA	NA	NA

Argus Research Co. (ARC) is an independent investment research provider whose parent company, Argus Investors' Counsel, Inc. (AIC), is registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Argus Investors' Counsel is a subsidiary of The Argus Research Group, Inc. Neither The Argus Research Group nor any affiliate is a member of the FINRA or the SIPC. Argus Research is not a registered broker dealer and does not have investment banking operations. The Argus trademark, service mark and logo are the intellectual property of The Argus Research Group, Inc. The information contained in this research report is produced and copyrighted by Argus Research Co., and any unauthorized use, duplication, redistribution or disclosure is prohibited by law and can result in prosecution. The content of this report may be derived from Argus research reports, notes, or analyses. The opinions and information contained herein have been obtained or derived from sources believed to be reliable, but Argus makes no representation as to their timeliness, accuracy or completeness or for their fitness for any particular purpose. In addition, this content is not prepared subject to Canadian disclosure requirements. This report is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security. The information and material presented in this report are for general information only and do not specifically address individual investment objectives, financial situations or the particular needs of any specific person who may receive this report. Investing in any security or investment strategies discussed may not be suitable for you and it is recommended that you consult an independent investment advisor. Nothing in this report constitutes individual investment, legal or tax advice. Argus may issue or may have issued other reports that are inconsistent with or may reach different conclusions than those represented in this report, and all opinions are reflective of judgments made on the original date of publication. Argus is under no obligation to ensure that other reports are brought to the attention of any recipient of this report. Argus shall accept no liability for any loss arising from the use of this report, nor shall Argus treat all recipients of this report as customers simply by virtue of their receipt of this material. Investments involve risk and an investor may incur either profits or losses. Past performance should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of future performance. Argus has provided independent research since 1934. Argus officers, employees, agents and/or affiliates may have positions in stocks discussed in this report. No Argus officers, employees, agents and/or affiliates may serve as officers or directors of covered companies, or may own more than one percent of a covered company's stock. Argus Investors' Counsel (AIC), a portfolio management business based in Stamford, Connecticut, is a customer of Argus Research Co. (ARC), based in New York. Argus Investors' Counsel pays Argus Research Co. for research

used in the management of the AIC core equity strategy and model portfolio and UIT products, and has the same access to Argus Research Co. reports as other customers. However, clients and prospective clients should note that Argus Investors' Counsel and Argus Research Co., as units of The Argus Research Group, have certain employees in common, including those with both research and portfolio management responsibilities, and that Argus Research Co. employees participate in the management and marketing of the AIC core equity strategy and Investors UIT and model portfolio products.

